## Inclusion of Indigenous Peoples in Genetic/Genomics Research



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# Ethical and Regulatory Aspects of Clinical Research

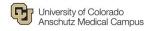
NIH Department of Bioethics
October 11, 2023

### From the Rez to a PhD and beyond



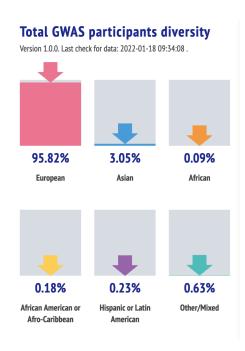






### My research program is broadly motivated by:

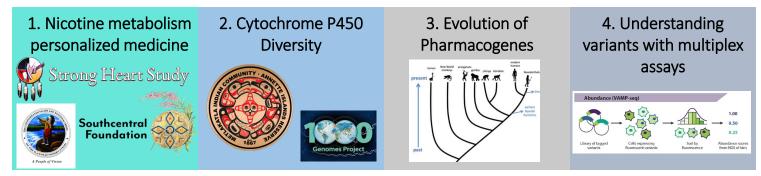
- Supporting equity and inclusion of diverse populations in genomic research
- Addressing disparities in health and health care
- Enhancing ethical research with Indigenous and other historically underrepresented communities





## Claw Indigenous Genomics and Ethics Laboratory

### Pharmacogenomics research in diverse populations



### **Cultural and bioethical research with Indigenous populations**







# Ethical research approaches

What does it mean to be an ethical researcher?



# Research with contemporary Indigenous peoples

 Precision medicinepharmacogenomics research with tribal communities

#### **Research involving Ancestors**

 Fostering responsible research with Ancestors and ethical guidance

# There is a disconnect between genetic and genomic research and Indigenous communities



Members of the Havasupai Tribe, shown in 2010 looking at blood samples previously taken from them, had to fight for access to their samples.

Jim Wilson/The New York Times/Redux

A moratorium on Genetic Research conducted within the Navajo Nation was approved in April 2002.

Inbreeding Coefficients of the Ramah Navaho Population

J.N. SPUHLER <sup>1</sup> AND CLYDE KLUCKHOHN<sup>2</sup>

A STUDY OF THE BLOOD GROUPS AMONG AMERICAN INDIANS:

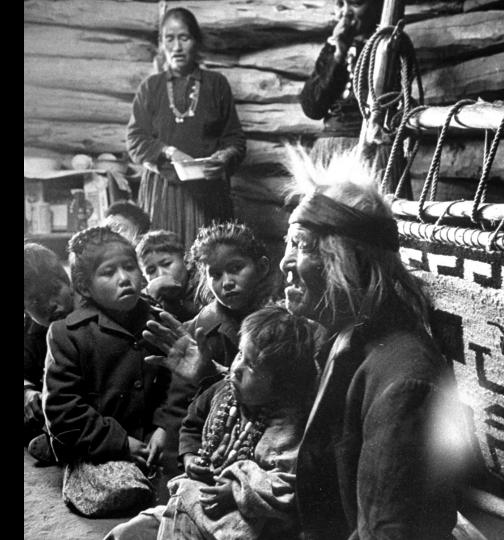
CLARA NIGG J. Immuno J.
From the Department of Bacteriology, University of Kansas, Laure:
Received for publication August 1, 1925

In 1923 Coca and Delbert (1) studied the percentage dition of the four Landsteiner blood groups in the North An Indians in order to investigate the question of the relation of the American Indian race to the northeastern Asiatic races (Chinese, Japanese, Koreans), since it has been thought that the American Indian is of Mongolian origin. Their results in a prising 862 (Inl-blooded Indians showed the follow \*\*T\*\* ....\*\*)

occurrence: group I 77.7 per cent, group II 20.2 III 2.1 per cent, group IV one individual.

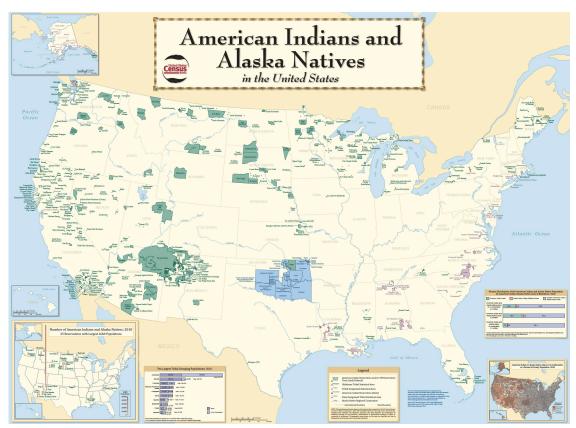
Hereditary Nonpolyposis Colorectal Cancer in a Navajo Indian Family

Henry T. Lynch, Thomas J. Drouhard, Guy S. Schuelke, Karen A. Biscone, Jane F. Lynch, and B. Shannon Danes



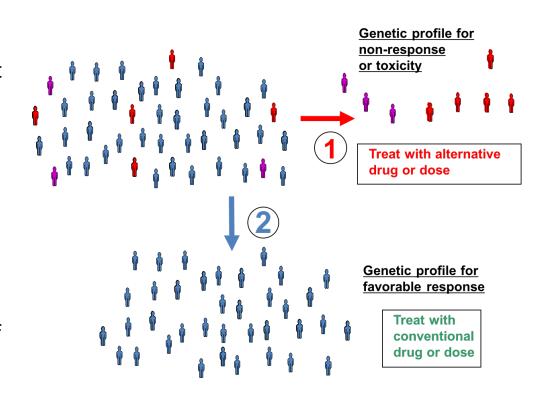
# Indigenous tribes in the US

- 574 federally recognized American Indian and Alaska Native tribes
- 70% of tribal members and descendants live in cities.
- The Common Rule upholds tribal sovereignty.



## Diverse Populations and Promise of PM & PGx

- Promote personalized medicine to optimize the quality of patient care
- Guide selection of best drug and dose for an individual
- Minimize adverse drug reactions
- Potential to improve health outcomes and reduce the cost of care



## Genomic medicine for underserved communities

## As more genomic studies are pursued,

- How can research be done in a respectful and culturally appropriate way with Native communities?
- How can we, as researchers, institutions, and funders, engage Native communities and tribes in genomic research?

# As health applications are developed from genomic research,

- How can we assure that everyone benefits?
- How can we assure that disadvantaged populations are not harmed?

# Precision Medicine may widen, not reduce, health disparities.

Past history

**Benefits** 

Tribal sovereignty

Data-sharing policies



COVID-19 Further Strains Care Disparities Among Native Americans

**Community-based Genomic Research Approach** 

Consent

Intellectual property

Structural barriers

Social and racial barriers

# Applicability of Pharmacogenetic Information

Pharmacogenetic Algorithm based on VKORC1 and CYP2C9 genotype status Vs. Standard Clinical Care	
<b>EU-PACT</b> European Pharmacogenetics of Anticoagulant Therapy	Benefit for genotype-guided warfarin dosing
COAG Clarification of Optimal Anticoagulation through Genetics	No significant difference between the 2 groups

Why conflicting results?

# Applicability of Pharmacogenetic Information

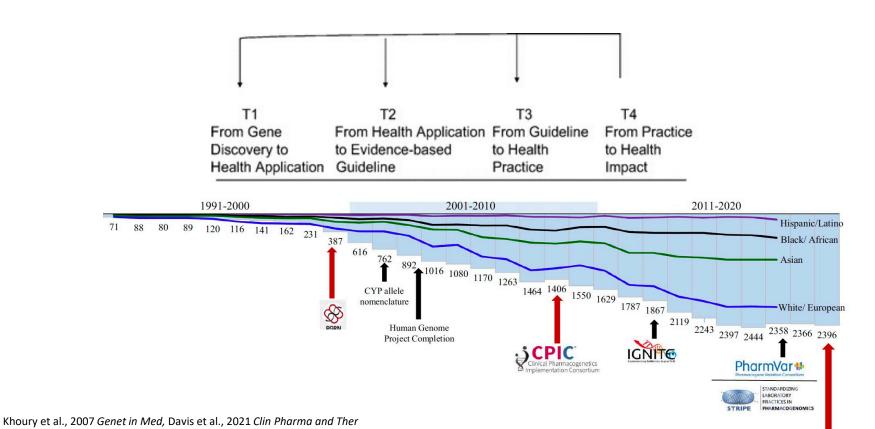
Pharmacogenetic Algorithm based on VKORC1 and CYP2C9 genotype status Vs. Standard Clinical Care	
EU-PACT Primarily European descent	Benefit for genotype-guided warfarin dosing
COAG 27% African American	No significant difference between the 2 groups

 African Americans have lower frequencies of CYP2C9\*2 and \*3, the only CYP2C9 variant alleles considered in the pharmacogenetic algorithm

# Clinical Implications of Uncharacterized Variation

- Potential for phenotypic misclassification
- Contribute to health care disparities
- Missed opportunities for optimizing care
  - PGx test implementation
  - Formulary selection

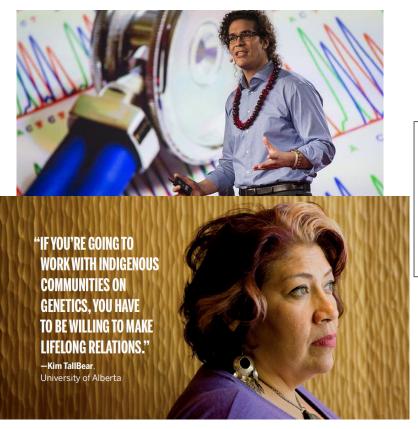
## Translational Pharmacogenomics



# Moving toward Community-based Genomic Research



The Summer Internship for Indigenous Peoples (SING) Consortium hosts workshops to engage students and tribal members in genomics.



A collaborative approach to research

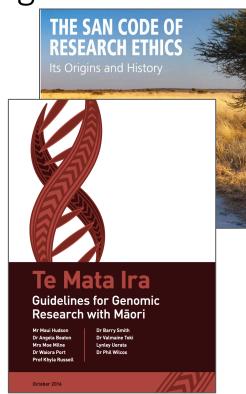
#### **Question:**

What would/does your study look like when community is involved?

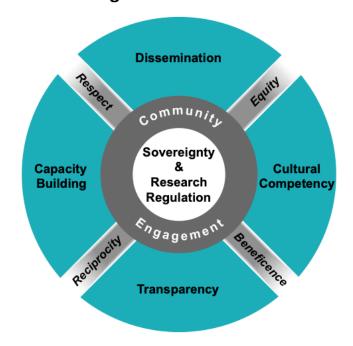
# Recent advancement of community-specific research ethics guidelines

**Ethics and Governance Framework** for Best Practice in Genomic Research and **Biobanking in Africa** 





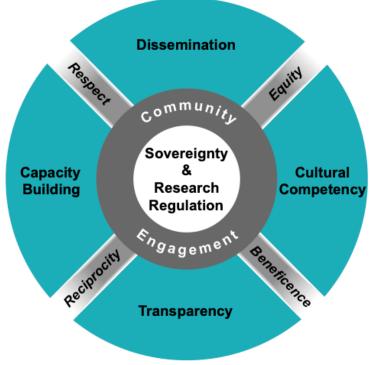
# **Enhancing ethical genomic research** with Indigenous communities



Enhancing ethical genomic research with Indigenous communities

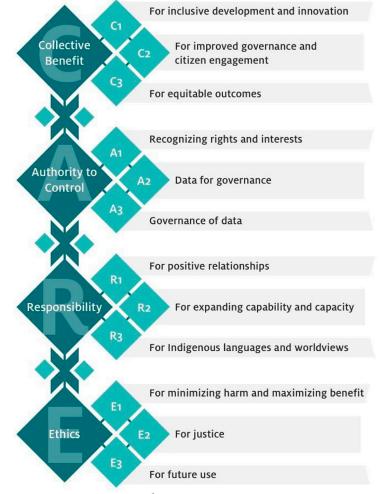
 Understand existing regulations

- Foster collaboration
- 3. Build cultural competency
- 4. Improve transparency
- 5. Support capacity
- Disseminate research findings



Indigenous genomic data sovereignty and governance in PM

- Collection, ownership and application of data and specimens
- Consider data stewardship rather than ownership
- DNA on Loan concept

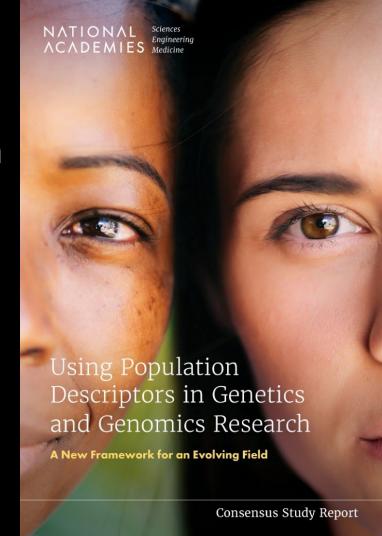


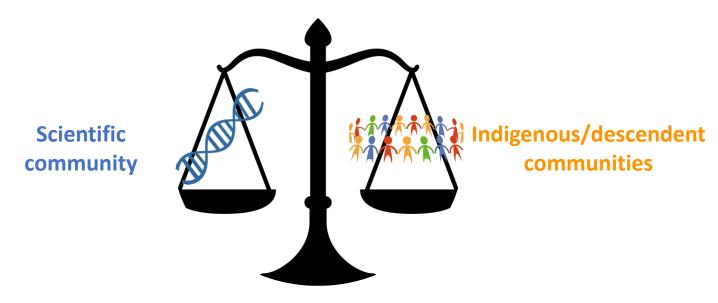
The CARE Principles for Indigenous Data Governance



# Using population descriptors in genetics and genomic research

An ad hoc committee to review and assess existing methodologies, benefits, and challenges in the use of race and ethnicity and other population descriptors in genomics research.

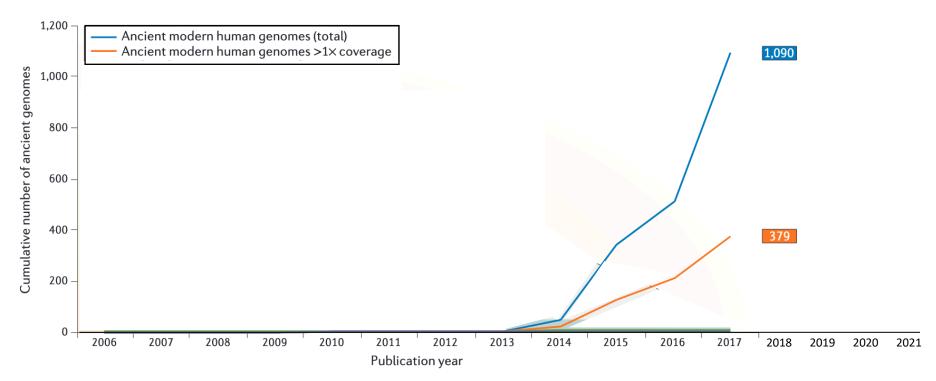




"There cannot be a single standard when it comes to the ethics of anthropological research, or even of aDNA research in anthropology. Because aDNA research generally falls outside the domain of institutional review boards, we must regulate ourselves..."
-Kaestle & Horsburgh, 2002

ANCESTORS and ANCIENT ONES are excluded from biomedical ethics regulatory oversight

# Ongoing ancient DNA explosion

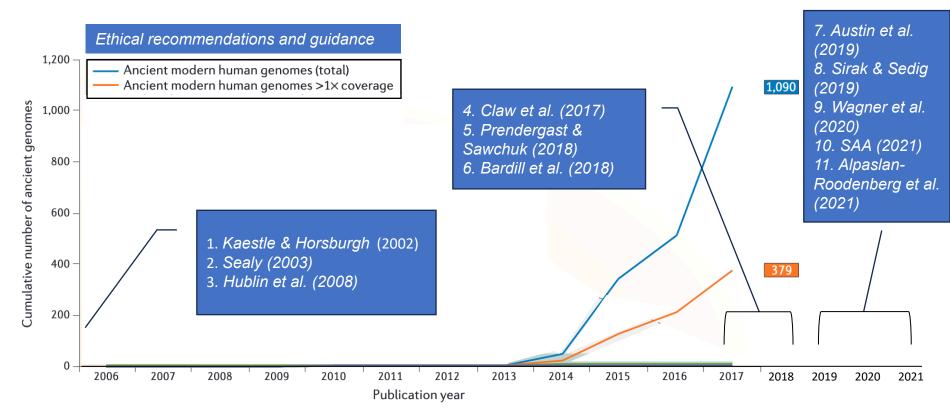


Modified from Marciniak and Perry, 2017; Fleskes et al., 2022

## Indigenous concerns about Ancestors in Research

- Cultural and ethical concerns
- Adequate community consultation
- Appropriate research directions
- Acceptable risk
- Research outcomes
- Long-term data storage
- Biological sample stewardship

# Ongoing ancient DNA explosion



Modified from Marciniak and Perry, 2017; Fleskes et al., 2022

1	Kaestle & Horsburgh (2002)
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7	Austin et al. (2019)
8	Sirak & Sedig (2019)
9	Wagner et al. (2020)
10	Society for American Archaeology (2021)
11	Alpaslan-Roodenberg et al. (2021)

The ethical, legal, and social concerns within human paleogenomics are "likely to become more, rather than less, important or complicated"
- O'Rourke et al., 2000

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Tensions between stakeholder groups

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#### **Professional organization sponsorship**

American Society of Human Genetics Society for American Archaeology

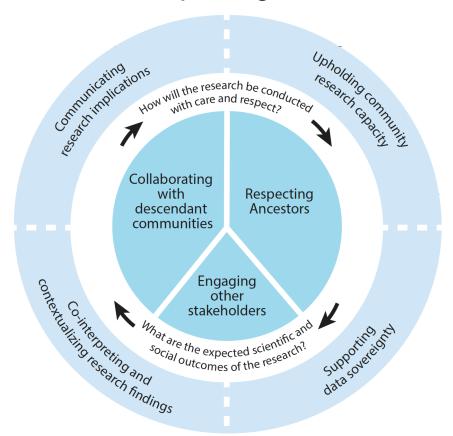
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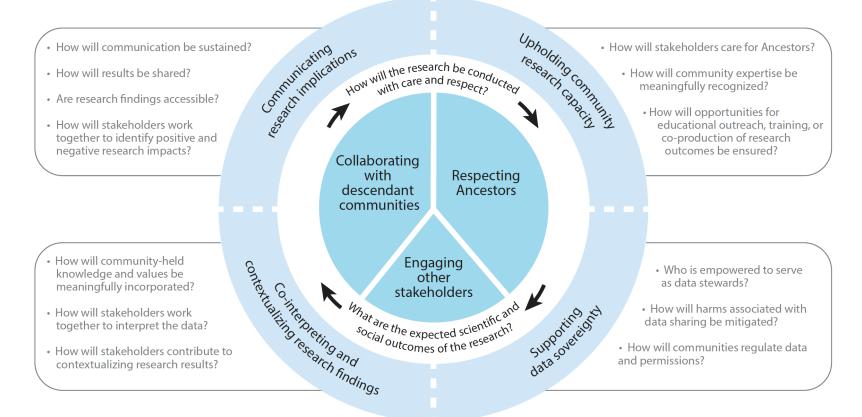
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## Ethical ethos for paleogenomic research



### Ethical ethos for paleogenomic research

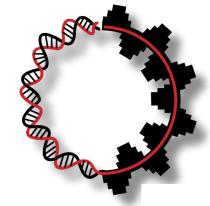


## Ethics and Best Practices

- We must ensure that genomics/paleogenomics is not used to further disenfranchise any Peoples
- Instead, it can be used to empower and support Indigenous communities to govern and benefit.
- A shift toward Community-based Genomic Research is needed
- As with living humans, one should prioritize respect, beneficence, and justice for Ancestors.
- Guidelines and best practices are becoming more sophisticated and complex, and need to be considered in every situation

# Ahéhee' (Thank you)

**Claw lab members:** Carissa Sherman, Leah Nez, Amber Nashoba, Kaja Aagaard, Crystal Musser, William Moreno



#### **Tribal partners:**

Southcentral Foundation, Strong Heart Study, Confederated Salish and Kootenai tribes, Navajo Nation, Metlakatla First Nations, individual tribal members

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